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LV-MaxSonar[®]-EZ[™] Series High Performance Sonar Range Finder MB1000, MB1010, MB1020, MB1030, MB1040

With 2.5V - 5.5V power the LV-MaxSonar-EZ provides very short to long-range detection and ranging in a very small package. The LV-MaxSonar-EZ detects VROMES objects from 0-inches to 254-inches (6.45-meters) and provides sonar range

information from 6-inches out to 254-inches with 1-inch resolution. Objects from 0-inches to 6-inches typically range as 6-inches¹. The interface output formats included are pulse width output, analog voltage output, and RS232 serial output. Factory calibration and testing is completed with a flat object. ¹See Close Range Operation

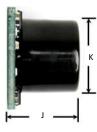
	0 I V	
FeaturesContinuously variable gain for	• Learns ringdown pattern when commanded to start ranging	• Sensor reports the range reading directly and frees up user processor
 Object detection to zero range objects 	Designed for protected indoor environments Sensor energies at 42KUz	Choose one of three sensor outputsTriggered externally or internally
• 2.5V to 5.5V supply with 2mA typical current draw	 Sensor operates at 42KHz High output square wave sensor drive (double Vcc) 	Applications and UsesUAV blimps, micro planes and some
• Readings can occur up to every 50mS, (20-Hz rate)	Benefits	Bin level measurement
• Free run operation can continually measure and output range	Very low cost ultrasonic rangefinderReliable and stable range data	Proximity zone detectionPeople detection
informationTriggered operation provides the	Quality beam characteristicsMounting holes provided on the	 Robot ranging sensor Autonomous navigation
range reading as desiredInterfaces are active simultaneously	circuit boardVery low power ranger, excellent for	 Multi-sensor arrays Distance measuring
 Serial, 0 to Vcc, 9600 Baud, 81N Analog, (Vcc/512) / inch 	multiple sensor or battery-based systemsFast measurement cycles	 Long range object detection Wide beam sensitivity
• Pulse width (1/7uS/inch)	T ■ Fast measurement CVCles	

• Pulse width, (147uS/inch)

LV-MaxSonar-EZ Mechanical Dimensions



• Fast measurement cycles



Close Range Operation

Applications requiring 100% reading-to-reading reliability should not use MaxSonar sensors at a distance closer than 6 inches. Although most users find MaxSonar sensors to work reliably from 0 to 6 inches for detecting objects in many applications, MaxBotix[®] Inc. does not guarantee operational reliability for objects closer than the minimum reported distance. Because of ultrasonic physics, these sensors are unable to achieve 100% reliability at close distances.

Warning: Personal Safety Applications

We do not recommend or endorse this product be used as a component in any personal safety applications. This product is not designed, intended or authorized for such use. These sensors and controls do not include the self-checking redundant circuitry needed for such use. Such unauthorized use may create a failure of the MaxBotix[®] Inc. product which may result in personal injury or death. MaxBotix[®] Inc. will not be held liable for unauthorized use of this component.

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About Ultrasonic Sensors

Our ultrasonic sensors are in air, non-contact object detection and ranging sensors that detect objects within an area. These sensors are not affected by the color or other visual characteristics of the detected object. Ultrasonic sensors use high frequency sound to detect and localize objects in a variety of environments. Ultrasonic sensors measure the time of flight for sound that has been transmitted to and reflected back from nearby objects. Based upon the time of flight, the sensor then outputs a range reading.

Pin Out Description

- **Pin 1-BW-***Leave open or hold low for serial output on the TX output. When BW pin is held high the TX output sends a pulse (instead of serial data), suitable for low noise chaining.
- **Pin 2-PW-** This pin outputs a pulse width representation of range. The distance can be calculated using the scale factor of 147uS per inch.
- **Pin 3-AN-** Outputs analog voltage with a scaling factor of (Vcc/512) per inch. A supply of 5V yields ~9.8mV/in. and 3.3V yields ~6.4mV/in. The output is buffered and corresponds to the most recent range data.
- **Pin 4-RX–** This pin is internally pulled high. The LV-MaxSonar-EZ will continually measure range and output if RX data is left unconnected or held high. If held low the sensor will stop ranging. Bring high for 20uS or more to command a range reading.
- **Pin 5-TX-** When the *BW is open or held low, the TX output delivers asynchronous serial with an RS232 format, except voltages are 0-Vcc. The output is an ASCII capital "R", followed by three ASCII character digits representing the range in inches up to a maximum of 255, followed by a carriage return (ASCII 13). The baud rate is 9600, 8 bits, no parity, with one stop bit. Although the voltage of 0-Vcc is outside the RS232 standard, most RS232 devices have sufficient margin to read 0-Vcc serial data. If standard voltage level RS232 is desired, invert, and connect an RS232 converter such as a MAX232. When BW pin is held high the TX output sends a single pulse, suitable for low noise chaining. (no serial data)

Pin 6-+5V- Vcc – Operates on 2.5V - 5.5V. Recommended current capability of 3mA for 5V, and 2mA for 3V. **Pin 7-GND**- Return for the DC power supply. GND (& Vcc) must be ripple and noise free for best operation.

Range "0" Location

The LV-MaxSonar-EZ reports the range to distant targets starting from the front of the sensor as shown in the diagram below.



Range Zero The range is measured from the front of the transducer.

In general, the LV-MaxSonar-EZ will report the range to the leading edge of the closest detectable object. Target detection has been characterized in the sensor beam patterns.

Sensor Minimum Distance

The sensor minimum reported distance is 6-inches (15.2 cm). However, the LV-MaxSonar-EZ will range and report targets to the front sensor face. Large targets closer than 6-inches will typically range as 6-inches.

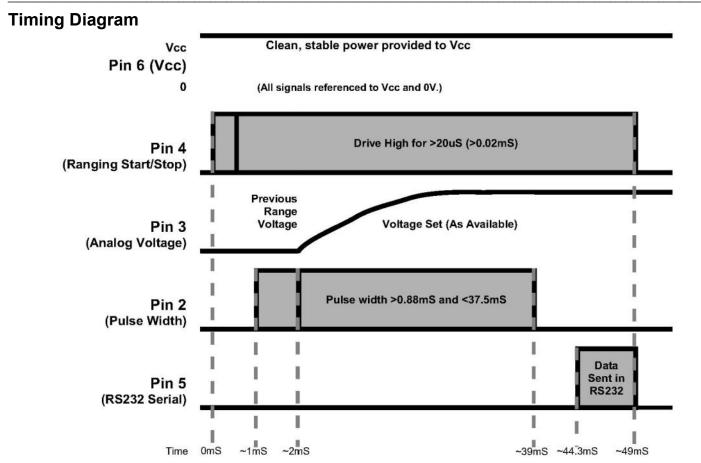
Sensor Operation from 6-inches to 20-inches

Because of acoustic phase effects in the near field, objects between 6-inches and 20-inches may experience acoustic phase cancellation of the returning waveform resulting in inaccuracies of up to 2-inches. These effects become less prevalent as the target distance increases, and has not been observed past 20-inches.

General Power-Up Instruction

Each time the LV-MaxSonar-EZ is powered up, it will calibrate during its first read cycle. The sensor uses this stored information to range a close object. It is important that objects not be close to the sensor during this calibration cycle. The best sensitivity is obtained when the detection area is clear for fourteen inches, but good results are common when clear for at least seven inches. If an object is too close during the calibration cycle, the sensor may ignore objects at that distance.

The LV-MaxSonar-EZ does not use the calibration data to temperature compensate for range, but instead to compensate for the sensor ringdown pattern. If the temperature, humidity, or applied voltage changes during operation, the sensor may require recalibration to reacquire the ringdown pattern. Unless recalibrated, if the temperature increases, the sensor is more likely to have false close readings. If the temperature decreases, the sensor is more likely to have reduced up close sensitivity. To recalibrate the LV-MaxSonar-EZ, cycle power, then command a read cycle.



Timing Description

250mS after power-up, the LV-MaxSonar-EZ is ready to accept the RX command. If the RX pin is left open or held high, the sensor will first run a calibration cycle (49mS), and then it will take a range reading (49mS). After the power up delay, the first reading will take an additional ~100mS. Subsequent readings will take 49mS. The LV-MaxSonar-EZ checks the RX pin at the end of every cycle. Range data can be acquired once every 49mS.

Each 49mS period starts by the RX being high or open, after which the LV-MaxSonar-EZ sends the transmit burst, after which the pulse width pin (PW) is set high. When a target is detected the PW pin is pulled low. The PW pin is high for up to 37.5mS if no target is detected. The remainder of the 49mS time (less 4.7mS) is spent adjusting the analog voltage to the correct level. When a long distance is measured immediately after a short distance reading, the analog voltage may not reach the exact level within one read cycle. During the last 4.7mS, the serial data is sent.

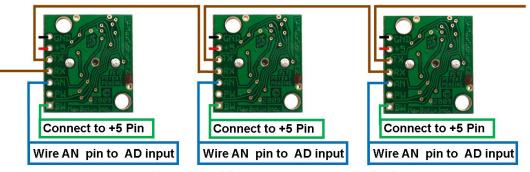
The LV-MaxSonar-EZ timing is factory calibrated to one percent at five volts, and in use is better than two percent. In addition, operation at 3.3V typically causes the objects range, to be reported, one to two percent further than actual.

Using Multiple Sensors in a single system

When using multiple ultrasonic sensors in a single system, there can be interference (cross-talk) from the other sensors. MaxBotix Inc., has engineered and supplied a solution to this problem for the LV-MaxSonar-EZ sensors. The solution is referred to as chaining. We have 3 methods of chaining that work well to avoid the issue of cross-talk.

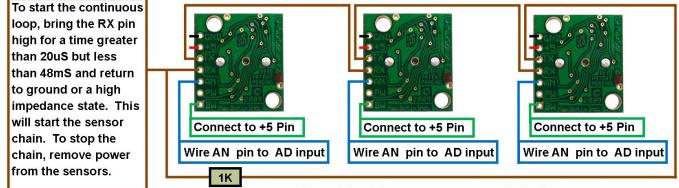
The first method is AN Output Commanded Loop. The first sensor will range, then trigger the next sensor to range and so on for all the sensor in the array. Once the last sensor has ranged, the array stops until the first sensor is triggered to range again. Below is a diagram on how to set this up.





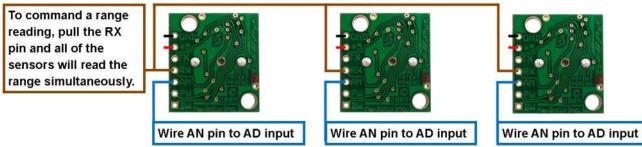
Repeat to add as many sensors as desired

The next method is AN Output Constantly Looping. The first sensor will range, then trigger the next sensor to range and so on for all the sensor in the array. Once the last sensor has ranged, it will trigger the first sensor in the array to range again and will continue this loop indefinitely. Below is a diagram on how to set this up.



Repeat to add as many sensors as desired

The final method is AN Output Simultaneous Operation. This method does not work in all applications and is sensitive to how the other sensors in the array are positioned in comparison to each other. Testing is recommend to verify this method will work for your application. All the sensors RX pins are conned together and triggered at the same time causing all the sensor to take a range reading at the same time. Once the range reading is complete, the sensors stop ranging until triggered next time. Below is a diagram on how to set this up.



Repeat to add as many sensors as desired

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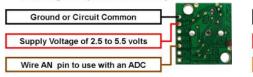
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Independent Sensor Operation

The LV-MaxSonar-EZ sensors have the capability to operate independently when the user desires. When using the LV-MaxSonar-EZ sensors in single or independent sensor operation, it is easiest to allow the sensor to free-run. Free-run is the default mode of operation for all of the MaxBotix Inc., sensors. The LV-MaxSonar-EZ sensors have three separate outputs that update the range data simultaneously: Analog Voltage, Pulse Width, and RS232 Serial. Below are diagrams on how to connect the sensor for each of the three outputs when operating in a single or independent sensor operating environment.

Analog Output Sensor Operation



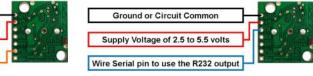
Pulse Width Output Sensor Operation

Ground or Circuit Common

Supply Voltage of 2.5 to 5.5 volts

Wire PW pin to use the PWM output

Serial Output Sensor Operation



Selecting an LV-MaxSonar-EZ

Different applications require different sensors. The LV-MaxSonar-EZ product line offers varied sensitivity to allow you to select the best sensor to meet your needs.

People Detection Wide Beam High Sensitivity	Bes	t Balance		Large Targets Narrow Beam Noise Tolerance
MB1000	MB1010	MB1020	MB1030	MB1040

The LV-MaxSonar-EZ Sensors At a Glance

The diagram above shows how each product balances sensitivity and noise tolerance. This does not effect the maximum range, pin outputs, or other operations of the sensor. To view how each sensor will function to different sized targets reference the LV-MaxSonar-EZ Beam Patterns.

Background Information Regarding our Beam Patterns

Each LV-MaxSonar-EZ sensor has a calibrated beam pattern. Each sensor is matched to provide the approximate detection pattern shown in this datasheet. This allows end users to select the part number that matches their given sensing application. Each part number has a consistent field of detection so additional units of the same part number will have similar beam patterns. The beam plots are provided to help identify an estimated detection zone for an application based on the acoustic properties of a target versus the plotted beam patterns.

Each beam pattern is a 2D representation of the detection area of the sensor. The beam pattern is actually shaped like a 3D cone (having the same detection pattern both vertically and horizontally). Detection patterns for dowels are used to show the beam pattern of each sensor. Dowels are long cylindered targets of a given diameter. The dowels provide consistent target detection characteristics for a given size target which allows easy comparison of one MaxSonar sensor to another MaxSonar sensor.

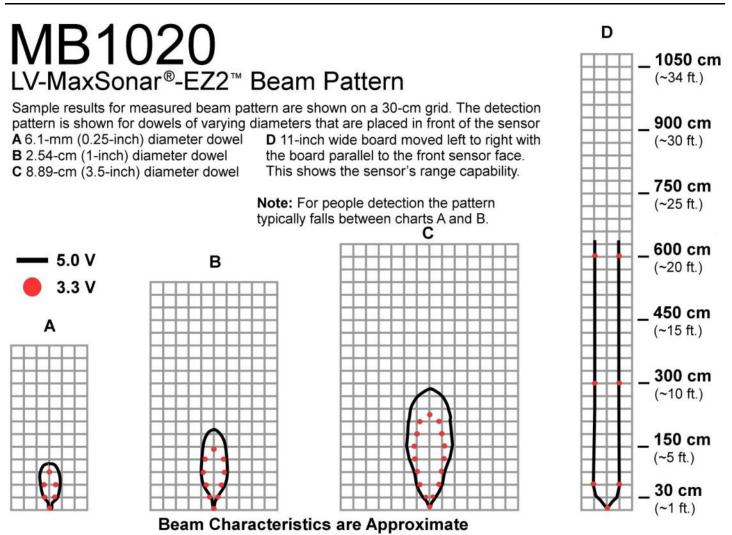
People Sensing: For users that desire to detect people, the detection area to the 1-inch diameter dowel, in general, represents the area that the sensor will reliably detect people.

For each part number, the four patterns (A, B, C, and D) represent the detection zone for a given target size. Each beam pattern shown is determined by the sensor's part number and target size.

The actual beam angle changes over the full range. Use the beam pattern for a specific target at any given distance to calculate the beam angle for that target at the specific distance. Generally, smaller targets are detected over a narrower beam angle and a shorter distance. Larger targets are detected over a wider beam angle and a longer range.

MB1020 LV-MaxSonar-EZ2

The LV-MaxSonar-EZ2 is a good compromise between sensitivity and side object rejection. The LV-MaxSonar-EZ2 is an excellent choice for applications that require slightly less side object detection and sensitivity than the MB1010 LV-MaxSonar-EZ1.



Beam Pattern drawn to a 1:95 scale for easy comparison to our other products.

MB1020 Features and Benefits

- Great for applications where the MB1010 is too sensitive.
- Excellent side object rejection
- Can be powered by many different types of power sources
- Can detect people up to approximately 6 feet

MB1020 Applications and

Uses

- Landing flying objects
- Used with battery power
- Autonomous navigation
- Educational and hobby robotics
- Large object detection

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Have the right sensor for your application? Select from this product list for Protected and Non-Protected Environments.

Protected Environments



1 mm Resolution HRLV-MaxSonar-EZ



1 cm Resolution XL-MaxSonar-EZ XL-MaxSonar-AE XL-MaxSonar-EZL XL-MaxSonar-AEL



1 in Resolution LV-MaxSonar-EZ LV-ProxSonar-EZ



1 mm Resolution HRUSB-MaxSonar-EZ

1 in Resolution USB-ProxSonar-EZ

Accessories — More information is online. MB7954 — Shielded Cable

The MaxSonar Connection Wire is used to reduce interference caused by electrical noise on the lines. This cable is a great solution to use when running the sensors at a long distance or in an area with a lot of EMI and electrical noise.



MB7950 — XL-MaxSonar-WR Mounting Hardware



1 mm Resolution HRXL-MaxSonar-WR HRXL-MaxSonar-WRS HRXL-MaxSonar-WRT HRXL-MaxSonar-WRM HRXL-MaxSonar-WRMT HRXL-MaxSonar-WRL HRXL-MaxSonar-WRLT HRXL-MaxSonar-WRLS HRXL-MaxSonar-WRLST SCXL-MaxSonar-WR SCXL-MaxSonar-WRS SCXL-MaxSonar-WRT SCXL-MaxSonar-WRM SCXL-MaxSonar-WRMT SCXL-MaxSonar-WRL SCXL-MaxSonar-WRLT SCXL-MaxSonar-WRLS SCXL-MaxSonar-WRLST 4-20HR-MaxSonar-WR

1 cm Resolution

XL-MaxSonar-WR XL-MaxSonar-WRL XL-MaxSonar-WRA XL-MaxSonar-WRLA I2CXL-MaxSonar-WR



1 mm Resolution HRXL-MaxSonar-WRC HRXL-MaxSonar-WRCT

1 cm Resolution XL-MaxSonar-WRC XL-MaxSonar-WRCA I2CXL-MaxSonar-WRC



1 cm Resolution UCXL-MaxSonar-WR UCXL-MaxSonar-WRC I2C-UCXL-MaxSonar-WR

F-Option. Available for WR models except UCXL. For additional protection when necessary in hazardous chemical environments.

includes



The MB7950 Mounting Hardware is selected for use with our outdoor ultrasonic sensors. The mounting hardware includes a steel lock nut and two O-ring (Buna-N and Neoprene) each optimal for different applications.

MB7955 / MB7956 / MB7957 / MB7958 / MB7972 - HR-MaxTemp

The HR-MaxTemp is an optional accessory for the HR-MaxSonar. The HR-MaxTemp connects to the HR-MaxSonar for automatic temperature compensation without self heating.

MB7961 — Power Supply Filter

The power supply filter is recommended for applications with unclean power or electrical noise.

MB7962 / MB7963 / MB7964 / MB7965 — Micro-B USB Connection Cable

The MB7962, MB7963, MB7964 and MB7965 Micro-B USB cables are USB 2.0 compliant and backwards compatible with USB 1.0 standards. Varying lengths.

MB7973 — CE Lightning/Surge Protector

The MB7973 adds protection required to meet the Lightning/Surge IEC61000-4-5 specification.



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Non-Protected Environments